	Year 5 Objectives
lumber:	Place Value
	read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit
	count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000
	interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero
	round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000
	solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above
	read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals.
lumber:	Addition and Subtraction
	add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction)
	add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers
	use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy
	solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.
lumber:	Written Multiplication and Division
	multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers
	multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts
	divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context
	solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign
	solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates.
leasurer	nent: Perimeter and Area
r	neasure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres
	calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, square centimetres (cm2) and square metres (m2) and estimate the area of irregular shapes
	Mental Multiplication and Division
	nultiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts
	dentify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers
	enously and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers
	establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19
	recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (2) and cubed (3)
	solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes
	nultiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000
	nent: Volume
e	estimate volume [for example, using I cm3 blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water]
	Fractions
	compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number
	dentify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths
	recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number [for example, 2/5 + 4/5 = 6/5 = 1 and 1/5)
	add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number
	nultiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams
	y: Properties of Shapes
	identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations
	know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles
	draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (o)
	identify:
-	$\Rightarrow$ angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360o)
	$\Rightarrow$ angles at a point and the while tark (total 5000) $\Rightarrow$ angles at a point on a straight line and 1/2 a turn (total 1800)
	⇒ other multiples of 900
-	use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles
	distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles.
lumber:	
r	read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, 0.71 = 71/100) recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents

- read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places
- solve problems involving number up to three decimal places

## Number: Decimals and Percentages

- recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to `number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal
- solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of 1/2, 1/4, 1/5, 2/5, 4/5 and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25.

Measurement: Converting Units

- convert between different units of metric measure (for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre)
- understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints
- solve problems involving converting between units of time
- use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling.

Geometry: Position and Direction

• identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed.

Statistics

- ullet solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph
- complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables.